

Beenham Primary School



POLICY DOCUMENT

At Beenham Primary School, we are committed to ensuring equality of education and opportunity for all pupils, staff, parents and carers receiving services from the school, irrespective of age, disability, gender, gender reassignment, race, religion or belief, sexual orientation or social-economic background.

We aim to develop a culture of inclusion and diversity in which all those connected to the school feel proud of their identity and are able to participate fully in school life.

The achievement of pupils will be monitored by race, gender and disability and we will use this data to support pupils, raise standards and ensure inclusive teaching. We will tackle discrimination by the positive promotion of equality, challenging bullying and stereotypes and creating an environment which champions respect for all.

At Beenham primary School we believe that diversity is a strength that should be respected and celebrated by all those who learn, work and visit here.

The purpose of this policy is to show how we are integrating equality into the school's core priorities and functions, which enables us to:

- Demonstrate how promoting equality and eliminating discrimination can help to raise standards.
- Ensure that equality and diversity are part of the school's core business both as a provider of education and as an employer.
- Promote community cohesion and good relations between pupils and staff of different backgrounds through education.
- Place the school in a position, which is regarded by everyone as an environment that affords respect and fair treatment of all.

This Equality Policy applies to all of the school's pupils, staff, governors, parents/carers, visitors and community users. The policy supports our responsibilities in relation to the Public Sector Equality Duty under section 149 of the Equality Act 2010. This states that, in carrying out their functions, public bodies, including schools, are required to have due regard to the need to: -

- Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Act.
- Advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.
- Foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.

The Equality Act 2010 has broadened the groups that are protected to include nine protected characteristics. We all have one or more of the protected characteristics, so the Act protects everyone against unfair treatment. The protected characteristics are: -

- (i) **Age:** where this is referred to, it refers to a person belonging to a particular age (e.g., 32-year-olds) or range of ages (e.g. 18 - 30 year olds).
- (ii) **Disability:** a person has a disability if s/he has a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on that person's ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities.
- (iii) **Gender Reassignment:** the process of transitioning from one gender to another.
- (iv) **Marriage and Civil Partnership:** In England and Wales marriage is no longer restricted to a union between a man and a woman but now includes a marriage between a same-sex couple. Same-sex couples can also have their relationships legally recognised as 'civil partnerships'. Civil partners must not be treated less favourably than married couples (except where permitted by the Equality Act).
- (v) **Pregnancy and Maternity:** Pregnancy is the condition of being pregnant or expecting a baby. Maternity refers to the period after the birth and is linked to maternity leave in the employment context. In the non-work context, protection against maternity discrimination is for 26 weeks after giving birth, and this includes treating a woman unfavourably because she is breastfeeding.
- (vi) **Race:** Refers to the protected characteristic of Race. It refers to a group of people defined by their race, colour, and nationality (including citizenship) ethnic or national origins.
- (vii) **Religion or Belief:** Religion has the meaning usually given to it, but belief includes religious and philosophical beliefs including lack of belief. Generally, a belief should affect your life choices or the way you live for it to be included in the definition.
- (viii) **Sex:** A man or a woman.
- (ix) **Sexual Orientation:** Whether a person's sexual attraction is towards their own sex, the opposite sex or to both sexes.

To show how we are complying with the Act, we are required to:

- Publish information that illustrates how our school impacts on the different protected characteristics.
- Investigate, set and publish objectives that will improve equality in our school.

At Beenham Primary School we will ensure compliance with relevant legislation and that no one with a protected characteristic receives less favourable treatment.

We aim to provide all our pupils with the opportunity to succeed, and to reach the highest level of personal achievement. To do this we will:

- Use contextual data to improve the ways in which we provide support to individuals and groups of pupils.
- Monitor achievement data by ethnicity, gender and disability and action any gaps.
- Take account of the achievement of all pupils when planning for future learning and setting challenging targets.
- Ensure equality of access for all pupils and prepare them for life in a diverse society.

Linked Policies

- School Behaviour
- Behaviour Policy
- Complaints (incorporating the Complaints Procedure)
- Accessibility Plan
- School Information Published on a Website
- Capability of Staff (Staff Capability)

DATE APPROVED: JULY 2021	NEXT REVIEW DATE: July 2024
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